प्रदेश निजामती सेवा र स्थानीय सरकारी सेवा अन्तरगत इञ्जिनियरिङ्ग सेवा, सिभिल समूह (जनरल, हाइवे, हाइड्रोपावर, इरिगेशन, र स्यानिटरी उपसमूह) अधिकृतस्तर सातौं तह वा सो सरह पदको आन्तरिक, अन्तर तह र खुला प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

यस पाठ्यक्रम योजनालाई दुई चरणमा विभाजन गरिएको छः

प्रथम चरण (First Phase) : लिखित परीक्षा (Written Examination) पूर्णाङ्कः २०० द्वितीय चरण(Second Phase) : (क) सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test) पूर्णाङ्कः १०

(ख) अन्तर्वार्ता (Interview) पूर्णाङ्कः २५

परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

प्रथम चरण (First Phase): लिखित परीक्षा (Written Examination)

पूर्णांक: २००

| पत्र | विषय | खण्ड | पूर्णांक | उर्तीणांक | परीक्षा प्रणाली | | प्रश्न संख्या× अंक | समय |
|---------|----------------------|---|----------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| प्रथम | General Subject | Part I: General Awareness & General Ability Test Part II: General Technical Subject | १०० | 80 | वस्तुगत (Objective) | बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्न (MCQs) | ५० प्रश्न×१ अंक ५० प्रश्न×१अंक | १ घण्टा ३० मिनेट |
| द्वितीय | Technical Subject | | १०० | 80 | विषयगत (Subjective) | छोटो उत्तर लामो उत्तर | ४ प्रश्न × ५ अंक ८ प्रश्न×१० अंक | ३ घण्टा |

द्वितीय चरण (Second Phase) : सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test) र अन्तर्वार्ता (Interview)

पूर्णाङ्क : ३५

| पत्र/विषय | पूर्णाङ्क | उर्तीर्णाङ्क | परीक्षा प्रणाली | समय |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test) | १० | | सामूहिक छलफल (Group Discussion) | ३० मिनेट |
| अन्तर्वार्ता (Interview) | २५ | | बोर्ड अन्तर्वार्ता (Board Interview) | - |

द्रष्टव्य:

- 1. लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अङ्ग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अङ्ग्रेजी दुवै हुनेछ।
- 2. प्रथमपत्र र द्वितीयपत्रको लिखित परीक्षा छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछ।
- 3. वस्तुगत बहुवैकिल्पक प्रश्नहरूको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर बापत २० प्रतिशत अंक कट्टा गरिनेछ। तर उत्तर निदएमा त्यस बापत अंक दिइने छैन र अंक कट्टा पिन गरिने छैन।
- 4. बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरु हुने परीक्षामा कुनै प्रकारको क्याल्कुलेटर प्रयोग गर्न पाइने छैन।
- 5. विषयगत प्रश्नहरुको हकमा तोकिएको अंकको एउटा लामो प्रश्न वा एउटै प्रश्नका दुई वा दुई भन्दा बढी भाग वा एउटा प्रश्न अन्तर्गत दुई वा बढी टिप्पणीहरु सोध्न सिकने छ ।
- 6. र्द्वितीय पत्रमा (विषयगत प्रश्न हुनेको हकमा) प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन्। परिक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर सोही खण्डको उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ।
- 7. यस पाठ्यक्रम योजना अन्तर्गतका पत्र/विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापिन पाठ्यक्रममा परेका कानून, ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरु परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ महिना अगािड (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाईएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्यक्रममा परेको सम्झनु पर्दछ।
- 8. प्रथम चरणको परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरुलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको परीक्षामा सम्मिलित गराइनेछ।
- 9. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति:- २०७९।१२।२२ गते देखि

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प्रथम पत्र (First Paper) : General Subject

Part (I): - General Awareness & General Ability Test (50 Marks)

1. नेपालको संविधान तथा सान्दर्भिक कानुनहरु

(10 Marls)

- 1.1. नेपालको संविधान (भाग १ देखि ५, भाग १३ देखि २० र अनुसूचीहरु)
- 1.2. सार्वजनिक खरिद ऐन. २०६३
- 1.3. सार्वजनिक खरिद नियमावली, २०६४
- 1.4. प्रदेश सार्वजनिक खरिद नियमावली, २०७६
- 1.5. भ्रष्टाचार निवारण ऐन, २०५९
- 1.6. आर्थिक कार्यविधि तथा वित्तीय उत्तरदायित्व ऐन, २०७६
- 1.7. प्रदेश सुशासन ऐन, २०७७
- 1.8. संघ, प्रदेश तथा स्थानीय तहका निजामती सेवा सम्बन्धी कानुनहरु
- 1.9. स्थानीय सरकार संचालन ऐन, २०७४
- 1.10. सुदुरपश्चिम प्रदेश वातावरण संरक्षण ऐन, २०७७

2. सुदूरपश्चिम प्रदेशको ऐतिहासिक, भौगोलिक, सामाजिक तथा आर्थिक अवस्था

(5 Marks)

- 2.1 ऐतिहासिक, राजनीतिक, प्रशासनिक, आर्थिक एवम सामाजिक मद्दा र सवालहरु
- 2.2 भाषा, धर्म, संस्कृति, कला र साहित्य
- 2.3 मुख्य आर्थिक सूचकहरु एवम् आर्थिक विकासका संम्भावनाहरु : पर्यटन, कृषि, जलस्रोत, खानी, वन
- 2.4 भौतिक पूर्वाधारहरुको वर्तमान अवस्था
- 2.5 चाल आवधिक योजना: उद्देश्य, प्राथमिकता र प्रमख सचकहरु

3. General Awareness and Contemporary Issues

(15 Marks)

- 3.1 Physical, socio-cultural and economic geography and demography of Nepal
- 3.2 Major natural resources of Nepal
- 3.3 Geographical diversity, climatic conditions, and livelihood & lifestyle of people
- 3.4 Notable events and personalities, social, cultural and economic conditions modern history of Nepal
- 3.5 Current periodical plan of Nepal
- 3.6 Information on sustainable development, environment, pollution, climate change biodiversity, science and technology
- 3.7 Governance system and Government (Federal, Provincial and Local)
- 3.8 Functional scope of public service
- 3.9 Public Service Charter, Public hearing, Social audit
- 3.10 Concept, objective and importance of public policy
- 3.11 Fundamentals of management: planning, organizing, directing, controlling, coordinating, decision making, motivation and leadership
- 3.12 Government planning, budgeting and accounting system
- 3.13 Major events and current affairs of national and international importance

4. General Ability Test

(20 Marks)

4.1 Verbal Ability Test

Jumble words, Series, Analogy, Classification, Coding-Decoding, Matrix, Ranking Order Test, Direction and Distance Sense Test, Common Sense Test, Logical Reasoning, Assertion and Reason, Statement and Conclusions

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4.2 Numerical Ability Test

Series, Analogy, Classification, Coding, Arithmetical reasoning/operation, Percentage, Ratio, Average, Loss & Profit, Time & Work, Data interpretation & Data verification

4.3 Non-verbal/Abstract Ability Test

Figure Series, Figure Analogy, Figure Classification, Figure Matrix, Pattern Completion/Finding, Analytical Reasoning Test, Figure Formation and Analysis, Rule Detection, Water images, Mirror images, Cubes and Dice & Venn-diagram

Part (II): - General Technical Subject (50 Marks)

1 Structural and Earthquake Engineering

(5 marks)

- 1.1. Center of gravity, moment of inertia, radius of gyration
- 1.2. Stresses and strains, theory of torsion and flexure
- 1.3. Analysis of beams and frames: bending moment, shear force and deflection of beams and frames
- 1.4. Determinate structures (energy methods), three hinged systems, suspension cable system
- 1.5. Indeterminate structures: slope deflection method and moment distribution method, use of influence line diagrams for simple beams, unit load method, two hinged arch
- 1.6. Plastic analysis of beam and frame
- 1.7. Earthquake and its terminology, causes, waves, seismic fault line in Nepal
- 1.8. Earthquake Resistant Structure Provision in NBC 105-2020

2 Engineering Survey

(7 marks)

- 2.1 Introduction and basic principles, classification of surveys
- 2.2 Linear measurement techniques: chain and tape method, ranging rods and arrows, representation of measurement and common scales, sources of errors, effect of slope and slope correction, correction for chain and tape measurements, abney level and clinometers
- 2.3 Compass: types of compass, problems and sources of errors in compass survey
- 2.4 Plane table surveying: principles and methods of plane tabling
- 2.5 Leveling: principle of leveling, temporary and permanent adjustment of level, bench marks, booking methods and their recording, longitudinal and cross sectioning, reciprocal leveling, trigonometric leveling
- 2.6 Contouring: contour interval and characteristics of contours, methods of contouring, interpolation, use of contour map
- 2.7 Theodolite traversing: need of traverse and its significance, principle of traverse, computation of coordinates; adjustment of closed traverse and linked traverse, closing errors
- 2.8 Tachometry: principle, tachometric formula, relation of distance and elevation
- 2.9 Uses of total station and electronic distance measuring instruments
- 2.10 Curves: types and suitability, elements, geometry and setting out of curves (simple circular curve, vertical curve, transition curve)
- 2.11 Calculation of area and volume: methods of area calculation of land, methods of area and volume calculation of cut and fill, mass haul diagram.

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3 Construction Materials

(6 marks)

- 3.1 Properties of building materials: physical, chemical, thermal, constituents,
- 3.2 Stones: characteristics and requirements of stones as a building materials
- 3.3 Ceramic materials: ceramic tiles, mosaic tile, brick types and testing
- 3.4 Cementing materials: types and properties of lime and cement; cement mortar tests
- 3.5 Metals: types and properties of steel, alloys
- 3.6 Timber and wood: timber trees in Nepal, types and properties of wood
- 3.7 Miscellaneous materials: asphaltic materials (asphalt, bitumen and tar), paints and varnishes, polymers
- 3.8 Soil properties and its parameters
- 3.9 Local and modern building construction material in Nepal

4 Concrete Technology

(5 marks)

- 4.1 Constituents and properties of concrete (physical and chemical)
- 4.2 Water cement ratio
- 4.3 Grade and strength of concrete, concrete mix design, testing of concrete
- 4.4 Mixing, transportation pouring and curing of concrete
- 4.5 Admixtures
- 4.6 High strength concrete
- 4.7 Pre-stressed concrete

5 Geotechnical engineering

(6 marks)

- 5.1 Formation of soil, general classification of soil depending on transporting agent and deposit media
- 5.2 Three phases of soil: basic terms, relation between basic terms, volumetric relationship: mass and volume, weight and volume, specific gravity of soil and lab test, field density and determination methods
- 5.3 Types of water in soil, moisture content and relationship, organic content in soil
- 5.4 Index properties of soil: grain size distribution and types of soil depending on grain size distribution, consistency limit, relative density, lab test of index properties
- 5.5 Types of rock, dip, strike, fold, fault, cleavage, geographical divisions of Nepal, earthquake: causes of earthquake, types of wave, grading of earthquake, seismic fault line in Nepal
- 5.6 Tunneling: types of tunnels, component parts of a tunnel and tunnel cross section, survey for tunnel alignment, drainage, lighting and ventilation requirements for tunnels, method of tunneling in soft soils and rock

6 Construction Management

(6 marks)

- 6.1 Construction scheduling and planning: network techniques (CPM, PERT) and bar charts
- 6.2 Contractual procedure and management: types of contract, bid and bid notice, preparation of bidding document, contractors pre-qualification, evaluation of tenders and selection of contractor, contract acceptance, condition of contract, quotation and direct purchase, classifications of contractors, dispute resolution, muster roll
- 6.3 Material management: procurement procedures and materials handling

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- 6.4 Cost, quality and time control
- 6.5 Project management
- 6.6 Occupational health and safety
- 6.7 Project monitoring and evaluation
- 6.8 Quality assurance plan
- 6.9 Variation, alteration and omissions

7 Estimating, Costing, Specification and Valuation

(5 marks)

- 7.1 Types of estimates and their specific uses
- 7.2 Methods of calculating quantities
- 7.3 Key components of estimating norms and rate analysis
- 7.4 Preparation of bill of quantities
- 7.5 Purpose, types and importance of specification
- 7.6 Purpose, principles and methods of valuation

8 Engineering Drawing

(4 marks)

- 8.1 Drawing sheet composition and its essential components
- 8.2 Suitable scales, site plans, preliminary drawings, working drawings
- 8.3 Theory of projection drawing: perspective, orthographic and axonometric projection, first and third angle projection
- 8.4 Drafting tools and equipment's
- 8.5 Drafting conventions and symbols
- 8.6 Topographic, electrical, plumbing and structural drawings
- 8.7 Techniques of free hand drawing.
- 8.8 Community Buildings: school and hospital buildings and their design consideration.

9 Engineering Economics

(3 marks)

9.1 Benefit cost analysis, cost classification, sensitivity analysis, internal rate of return, time value of money; economic equilibrium, demand, supply and production, net present value, financial and economic evaluation

10 Professional Practices

(3 marks)

- 10.1 Ethics, integrity and professionalism: code of conduct and guidelines for professional engineering practices
- 10.2 Nepal Engineering Council Act, 2055; and regulations, 2056
- 10.3 Relation with clients, contractor and fellow professionals
- 10.4 Public procurement practices for works, goods and services and its importance
- 10.5 National Building Code: Hierarchy of building codes and its application, procedure for implementation of building code and Fundamental of building bylaws in Nepal

ΩΩΩ

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Section (A) - 30 Marks

1. Structural Engineering

- 1.1 Reinforced concrete structures: difference between working stress and limit state philosophy, design of beam and slab, analysis of RC beams and slabs in bending, shear, deflection, bond and end anchorage, design of axially loaded columns; isolated and combined footings, introduction to pre-stressed concrete
- 1.2 Steel and timber structures: standard and built-up sections: design of riveted, bolted and welded connections, design of simple elements such as ties, struts, axially loaded and eccentric columns, column bases, design principles of timber beams and columns
- 1.3 Requirements of earthquake resistant building construction
- 1.4 Mandatory rule of thumb in building design
- 1.5 Structural design of bridge: various types of bridges, selection and type of bridges and economic span length, types of loads, forces and stresses, live load, impact load, wind load, longitudinal forces, lateral loads, centrifugal force, width of roadway and footway, general design requirements, solid slab bridges, deck girder bridges, B.M. in slab supported on four edges, distribution of live loads on longitudinal beams, method of distribution coefficients, Courbon's method, design of a T- beam bridge, balanced cantilever bridge, design of box culvert

2. Geotechnical Engineering

2.1 **Soil Mechanics**

2.1.1 Identification and classification of soils

Field identification of soils and soil classification: descriptive, textural, ISI, MIT and USCS

2.1.2 Permeability of soils

Factors affecting permeability of soil, determination of coefficient of permeability: laboratory and field methods

2.1.3 Effective stress

Factors affecting effective stress, capillary rise, quick sand condition

2.1.4 Seepage analysis

Flow net, application of flow net, seepage below concrete dam, sheet pile and safety check, seepage analysis through earthen dam and filter layer design, techniques to reduce discharge and to increase safety of dam

2.1.5 Compaction of soil

Concept of compaction, lab test, factors affecting compaction, specification of compaction, field control of compaction, methods of compaction in field and their suitability, special parameters to be considered for compaction in road, earthen dam

2.1.6 Shear strength of soils

Concept of shear strength, principal planes and principal stresses, Mohr-Coulomb theory of shear strength, calculation of normal stress and shear Stress at different plane, relation of principle stress at failure condition, types of shear tests: direct shear test, unconfined compression test, Triaxial test, vane shear test

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2.1.7 Consolidation and settlements

Concept of consolidation, types of consolidation, test of consolidation, NC, OC, OCR, pre consolidation pressure, calculation of settlement, settlement of structures resting on soil: its nature, causes and remedial measure

2.1.8 Stability of slopes

Causes of slope failures, types of slope and slope failures, critical surfaces and factor of safety, method of stability analysis and stability number, bio engineering: advantages, principles, concept, components and uses in stabilization of slope

2.2 Foundation Engineering

2.2.1 Introduction

Types of foundation, factors affecting on selection of foundation, requirement and criteria of ideal foundation, types of load for design of foundation, criteria for selection of depth of foundation

2.2.2 Earth pressure and retaining structures

Rankine's earth pressure theory, Coloumb's earth pressure theory, trial wedge theory, types of earth pressure, types of retaining wall, stability analysis of earth retaining structures, techniques to increase stability of retaining wall

2.2.3 Bearing capacity and settlements

Types of bearing capacity and factors influencing bearing capacity, effects of various factors on bearing capacity, modes of foundation failure, Terzaghi's general bearing capacity theory, ultimate bearing capacity of cohesion less and cohesive soils, settlement: types, nature and effects

2.2.4 Types of foundation and their suitability in context of Nepal

Condition to use spread or strap or combined footing; mat: types, bearing capacity, construction approach, floating mat, compensating mat; pile: types, load carrying capacity, negative skin friction (NSF) and calculation; comparison between pile, pier, and caisson; caisson: types, bearing capacity, construction of well, tilt and shift of well and its rarefication and prevention

2.2.5 Design of foundation

Design of spread foundation, combined footing, strap footing, mat foundation, pile foundation, well foundation

2.2.6 Foundation stabilization, underpinning and geotechnical process

Soil stabilization, stone column, sand pile, dynamic deep compaction, grouting and its methods, methods of underpinning, methods of dewatering

2.3 Site Investigation and Soil Exploration

- 2.3.1 Purpose of site investigation, planning of investigation, stages of investigation, methods of boring, types of soil samples
- 2.3.2 In-situ test: standard penetration test, dynamic cone penetration test, correction of N value, calculation of bearing capacity using N value for isolated footing, mat, pile and well, plate load test, pile load test
- 2.3.3 Preparation of site investigation report

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Water Resource Engineering

3.

3.1 Hydrology and Sediment

- 3.1.1 Rainfall measurements and related analysis
- 3.1.2 Flow measurements, rating curve and generation of flow data
- 3.1.3 Estimation of long term daily and monthly flows, low flows
- 3.1.4 Hydrograph analysis, synthetic unit hydrographs
- 3.1.5 Flood frequency analysis, estimation of design flood
- 3.1.6 Collection of sediment data, sediment rating curve, estimation of sediment yield and concentration, reservoir sedimentation
- 3.1.7 Ground water hydrology

3.2 Hydraulics

- 3.2.1 Fluid pressure, fluid kinematics, dynamics of flows
- 3.2.2 Boundary layers, uniform flow, steady flow, laminar and turbulent flow
- 3.2.3 Bernoulli's equation and its applications
- 3.2.4 Laminar and turbulent flow in pipes
- 3.2.5 Concept of specific energy and gradually varied flows in open channel
- 3.2.6 Hydraulic jump and its types, flow profiles

3.3 Irrigation

- 3.3.1 Function, advantages and disadvantages of irrigation; status and need of irrigation in Nepal
- 3.3.2 Crops and soils, crop water and irrigation water requirements, water availability for irrigation
- 3.3.3 Irrigation methods (surface, sub-surface, sprinkler and drip), their suitability, advantages and disadvantages
- 3.3.4 Canal types, network and alignment, canal losses, command area, duty and delta
- 3.3.5 Silt theories, design of earthen and lined canals, canal standards, specific considerations for hill irrigation
- 3.3.6 Design of irrigation structures on permeable foundation (seepage theories, piping & uplift)
- 3.3.7 Design of weir and barrage (crest, length and thickness of impervious floor)
- 3.3.8 Design of silt control structures (excluder, ejector and settling basin)
- 3.3.9 Design of energy dissipaters (hydraulic jump and stilling basins)
- 3.3.10 Design of river training works (guide bund, levees and spurs), water shed management
- 3.3.11 Design of regulators, drops, cross-drainage and outlets
- 3.3.12 Waterlogging (causes, effects and measures), design of surface and subsurface drainage
- 3.3.13 Planning and Management of Irrigation System

3.4 Hydropower

- 3.4.1 Hydropower development in Nepal, policy, acts and regulations
- 3.4.2 Types of hydropower projects (Run-off River, peaking or storage, and pump storage)
- 3.4.3 Flow duration curve, determination of reservoir capacity, reservoir sedimentation, useful life of reservoir

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- 3.4.4 Power demand analysis and forecast
- 3.4.5 Potential and firm power, maximum power output, firm energy, surplus energy, seasonal energy, and average annual energy
- 3.4.6 Concept of load, load curve, capacity factor, load factor, and utilization factor
- 3.4.7 Power demand variation (daily, weekly, monthly, seasonal, and annual)
- 3.4.8 Layout of reservoir, diversion structures, de-sanding basin, water conveyance system, fore-bay, surge tank, penstock, power house, draft tube, tailrace, switch yard, and auxiliary structures
- 3.4.9 Dam classification and their usage based on functionality, acting forces, and construction material; selection of dam based on construction material, topography, economy and purpose
- 3.4.10 Concrete gravity dams: forces on gravity dams, their line of actions, stability against sliding, overturning, and floating
- 3.4.11 Embankment dams: earth and rock-fill dams; basic design principles, concept of seepage through embankments, considerations in foundation and slope stability
- 3.4.12 Concept of coffer-dam and their usage
- 3.4.13 Design of spillways, types of spillway gates, location, and their functions
- 3.4.14 Energy dissipation methods, types of energy dissipaters, design of stilling basin and aprons
- 3.4.15 Design of intake, trash rack, gravel trap and approach canal
- 3.4.16 Types, location, and usage of de-sanding basin, suspended sediment characteristics, sediment velocities to be considered in de-sanding basin design, design of desanding basin, flushing of sediments from de-sanding basin
- 3.4.17 Hydraulic tunnels: pressure and non-pressure tunnels, tunnel cross-section and size, head loss in tunnels, concept of tunnel stability and protection measures, tunnel linings
- 3.4.18 Water hammer, hydrodynamic pressure calculations, design of fore-bay basin
- 3.4.19 Importance, location and application of penstock, anchor blocks and saddle support
- 3.4.20 Underground and surface power houses, power house dimensions and design, tailrace
- 3.4.21 Types and selection of turbines, concept of specific speed, gates and valves, draft tube, need and working principle of governors

Section (C) - 25 Marks

4. Transportation Engineering

4.1 Highway Engineering

4.1.1 Highway Planning and Survey

Approach to road planning: establishing economic and environmental viability, evaluating alternatives, historical development of road construction in Nepal, classification of roads, national road network of Nepal, road survey and quantity calculation, process of identifying best route location, map study and reconnaissance survey, preliminary and detail survey, recommendation for best alignment, highway alignment and controlling factors, Asian Highway in Nepal and NRS–2045, NRS 2070

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4.1.2 Geometric Design of Highway

Basic design control and criteria: design speed, vehicle characteristics, traffic volume & its composition, topography, elements of highway cross section, highway curves: tangents, type of curves, transition curves, reverse curves and their functions, circular curves, super elevation, stopping sight distance, vertical curves, gradients, average gradients and ruling gradient, Crest curve and sag curves, design considerations of horizontal and vertical alignment, extra widening, set back distance

4.1.3 Evaluation of subgrade soil

Function of sub grade soil, CBR ant its test, group index, plate load test, determination of modulus of sub grade reaction (k), dynamic penetration test and its application

4.1.4 Hill Roads

Hill road design: speed, sight distance, geological conditions and alignment selection criteria, gradient selection, Hair Pin Bends, horizontal curves, passing lane in hill roads, retaining and slope protection structures in hill roads, use of bioengineering, drainage structures, stability of formation width and cut and fill slopes

4.1.5 Highway Drainage

Importance of highway drainage: surface drainage and estimation of water quantity, design of drainage structures, erosion control and dissipating structures, subsurface drainage, cross drainage structures and types

4.1.6 Highway Materials

Binding materials, types of aggregate and tests on their gradation, strength, durability, mathematical and graphical method of aggregate gradation, binding materials, bitumen, road tar, penetration test, consistency tests, flash point test, composition tests, bituminous mixes and asphalt concrete, open and dense graded mixes, design of asphalt mixes,

4.1.7 Traffic Engineering

Traffic engineering and scope, interrelationships between human/ machinery/environmental elements, impact of human and vehicular characteristics on traffic planning, traffic operations and regulations driver and vehicle control, traffic control devices, traffic flow counts and speed studies, traffic flow characteristics traffic count and presentation, O and D studies, parking studies and accident study and analysis, basic requirements of intersections, types of intersections and configuration, channelized and channelized intersections, design of intersections, traffic signs, signals, road marking, road delineation, road lighting, factors influencing night visibility, design of the lighting system, traffic projection and forecasting

4.1.8 Road Pavement

Types of road pavements, flexible and rigid pavement, loads and other factors controlling pavement, design methods for flexible pavements, design methods for rigid pavements, stress due to load, temperature and sub-grade friction, functions of pavement structure, axle load, damaging factor of axle loads, different types of pavement surface

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4.1.9 Road Construction Technology

Activities and techniques used in road construction, tools, equipment and plants used in road construction, preparation of road subgrade, excavation, filling, compaction, moisture density relationship, field compaction control, soil stabilization, Construction of asphalt concrete layers including prime coat, tack coat, and seal coat, construction procedure of penetration macadam, construction procedure of bituminous bound macadam, construction procedure of plain cement concrete pavements

4.1.10 Highway Maintenance, Repair and Rehabilitation

Classification of maintenance activities for on road and off road structures, inspection, prioritization and planning of maintenance operations, evaluation of pavement distress and pavement condition, types and methods of pavement repair, regular, recurrent, periodic maintenance, types of overlay and strengthening of existing pavements

4.2 **Airport Engineering**

- 4.2.1 Introduction
- 4.2.2 History of civil aviation in Nepal
- 4.2.3 Role and functions of Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Civil Aviation (MoCTCA) and Civil Aviation Authority of Nepal
- 4.2.4 Role of International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)
- 4.2.5 The economic, political, and social roles of airports

4.3 **Airport Planning**

- 4.3.1 Planning consideration: Airport and airport systems, airport system planning, airport master plan and strategic plan, information required, preliminary feasibility, role of financing
- 4.3.2 Forecasting for planning purpose (Passenger, Aircraft, Cargo, and Mail): Inventory and forecasting, factors affecting traffic growth, principles of forecasting, forecasting methods, accuracy and limitations of forecasting
- 4.3.3 Airport site evaluation: factors affecting airport location
- 4.3.4 Airside development: Physical characteristics runway, taxiway & apron, airport capacity and delay.
- 4.3.5 Landside development: Passenger terminal building and Terminal System, Design Considerations, apron-gate system, passenger processing, passenger amenities & baggage handling
- 4.3.6 Environment and aviation activities: aircraft noise, air quality in the vicinity of airports, global environment problem arising from airport use, water and soil pollution in the vicinity of airports
- 4.3.7 Land-use planning: assessing noise for land-use planning, risk of accident around airports

4.4 Geometric Design of Aerodrome

4.4.1 Design of Runways: Definitions, aerodrome reference code, factors affecting the sitting, orientation and number of runway, factors affecting length of runway, actual length of runways, Turning pad runways with stop-ways and clearways, Runway end safety area (RESA) take-off length requirement, landing length requirement, physical characteristics of runways, runway shoulders, runway strips, clearways, stop ways, obstacle limitation surfaces

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- 4.4.2 Design of taxiways, aprons and holding bays: functional requirements, taxiway width, taxiway curves, junction and intersection, rapid exit taxiways, passenger terminal apron, cargo terminal apron, size of apron, isolated parking bay, need of holding bays and bypasses, types of bypass, size and location of holding bays
- 4.4.3 Design of aerodrome pavement
 - 4.4.3.1 Procedure for pavement design Aircraft Classification Number (ACN), Pavement Classification Number (PCN) method], USA practices: design of flexible and rigid pavements, (FAA's FAARFIELD method), pavement management system, airport pavement evaluation
- 4.4.4 Visual Aids for Navigation
 - 4.4.4.1 Operational factors, operating requirements, runway, taxiway and apron marking and lighting, airport signs
- 4.4.5 STOL Port and Heliport
 - 4.4.5.1 STOL Port: Physical Characteristics of STOL Ports, importance of STOL Ports in the context of topography of Nepal and their role in the economic development of Nepal
 - 4.4.5.2 Heliport: Physical Characteristics of Heliports. Obstacle Limitation Surfaces and Requirement
- 4.4.6 Airport drainage
 - 4.4.6.1 Purpose, determination run-off (FAA method), typical drainage layout, sub-surface drainage
- 4.4.7 Aerodrome Certification and Safety Management System
 - 4.4.7.1 Introduction to Aerodrome Certification.
 - 4.4.7.2 ICAO and Nepal requirements on Certification of Aerodromes.
 - 4.4.7.3 Audit and Inspection of Aerodromes for the Certification.
 - 4.4.7.4 Introduction to State Safety Program (SSP) and Safety Management System (SMS)

Section (D) - 20 Marks

5. Public Health Engineering

5.1 Water Supply

5.1.1 Introduction

Potable, contaminated and wholesome water, typical components of water supply schemes

5.1.2 Sources of water

Surface source, ground water occurrences and prospecting, chemical characteristics and properties of ground water, recharge of ground water, ground water recovery, tube well design, selection of water sources

5.1.3 Quality of water

Types and sources of water pollution, effects of pollution (river, lake and reservoir), pollution of ground water, hardness of water, alkalinity in water, living organism in water, water borne diseases, physical, chemical and biological test of water, water quality standard: WHO standard of drinking water quality, Nepal interim standard of drinking water

5.1.4 Quantity of water

Types of water demand, design period, methods of population forecasting, variation in demand of water, factors affecting demand of water

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5.1.5 Intake works

Site selection of an intake, Characteristics of river reservoir and spring intake, various types of hand pumps including suction hand pump, submersible hand pumps

5.1.6 Water treatment

Treatment systems: screening, plain sedimentation, sedimentation with coagulation, flocculation, filtration (Slow sand filtration0000/Rapid filtration), disinfection, softening, and miscellaneous treatments (aeration, removal of iron and manganese, removal of arsenic and removal of color, odor and taste

5.1.7 Reservoirs and distribution systems

Types of reservoirs, sizing of reservoirs: mass curve method, peak demand method etc. for reservoir Design, Water supply system: pumping system, gravity system, Layout of the water supply system, Pipeline design: design criteria, design of transmission and distribution system (including pipe networks)

- 5.1.8 Operation and maintenance of water supply system. Difference between maintenance and rehabilitation, Operation of water supply system, Maintenance equipment: wrench
- 5.1.9 Design specific of gravity flow rural water supply system in Nepal

5.2 **Sanitary Engineering**

5.2.1 Introduction

Importance of waste water and solid waste management, Sanitation system, Types of sewerage systems

5.2.2 Quantity of wastewater

Sources and nature of wastewater, effluent characteristics, Factors affecting sanitary sewage, Determination of quantity of sanitary sewage, Determination of quantity of storm water

5.2.3 Characteristics and examination of sewage

Sampling of sewage, Physical, chemical and biological characteristics of sewage, Decomposition of sewage, aerobic and anaerobic decomposition, Biochemical oxidation demand (BOD) and chemical oxidation demand (COD), Test of solids, Dissolved oxygen (DO), pH-value, BOD, COD, chlorine demand

5.2.4 Design and construction of sewers

Typical design periods, flow velocity, self-cleaning velocity, flow diagrams, hydraulic formulae and gradients, Estimation of quantity of sanitary sewage, collection systems, sewer design criteria, shape of sewers, types of sewers, sewer materials: requirements, salt glazed stoneware, and plain or reinforced cement concrete pipes, plastic, steel, brick, sanitary and storm water sewers for separate and combined sewer systems, construction of sewer: excavation, laying, jointing of sewer, testing of sewer, water test and air test

5.2.5 Sewage treatment

Treatment methods, Secondary treatment processes and their types, BOD removal, design criteria, activated sludge, oxidation ponds and ditches, aerated lagoons and lagoons, Sewage filtration, intermittent sand filter, contact bed, trickling filters, bio-filters and design of trickling and bio-filters

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5.2.6 Sewage disposal

Sewage disposal by dilution: essential conditions for dilution, self-purification of streams, factors affecting self –purification, the oxygen sag curve (streeter-phelps equation), Sewage treatment by land treatment

- 5.2.7 Sludge treatment and disposal
 - Sources of sludge and necessity of treatment, Aerobic and anaerobic digestion, Methods of sludge treatment: grinding and blending, thickening, stabilization, dewatering, drying, composting and incineration, Methods of sludge disposal: spreading on land, lagooning, dumping and land filling
- 5.2.8 Community participation and introduce following under this heading
 Users committee, Village maintenance workers, Pre construction/during
 construction/post construction trainings, Women participation, Community
 mobilization/participation, Record keeping of WSP, Rehabilitation, Composting
 toilets, eco-sanitation

5.3 Environment

- 5.3.1 General introduction of air pollutants, its causes, impacts and remedial measures
- 5.3.2 Human excreta and its characteristics, pollution caused by excreta
- 5.3.3 Health aspects of water supply and sanitation
- 5.3.4 Green house effects, its impacts and remedial measures
- 5.3.5 Solid waste management, Types and characteristics of solid waste
- 5.3.6 Garbage collection and disposal
- 5.3.7 Methods of solid waste disposal: dumping, sanitary landfill, incineration and composting
- 5.3.8 Concept of environmental assessment: Brief Environmental Study (BES), Initial environmental examination (IEE), Environment impact assessment (EIA), role of EIA, Types of environmental impacts, and EIA principles
- 5.3.9 Government rules and regulations and procedures for EIA

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द्वितीय चरण (Second phase): सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test) र अन्तरवार्ता (Interview)

खण्ड (क)

सामूहिक परीक्षण (Group Test)

१. सामूहिक छलफल (Group Discussion)

यस प्रयोजनको लागि गरिने परीक्षण १० पूर्णाङ्क र ३० मिनेट अवधिको हुनेछ जुन नेता विहिन सामूहिक छलफल (Leaderless Group Discussion) को रुपमा अवलम्बन गरिने छ। दिइएको प्रश्न वा Topic का विषयमा पालैपालोसँग निर्दिष्ट समय भित्र समूह वीच छलफल गर्दै प्रत्येक उम्मेदवारले व्यक्तिगत प्रस्तुति Individual Presentation गर्नु पर्नेछ। सामूहिक छलफलमा दिइने नमुना प्रश्न वा Topic

उदाहरणको लागि – उर्जा संकट, गरीबी निवारण, स्वास्थ्य बीमा, खाद्य सुरक्षा, प्रतिभा पलायन जस्ता Topic जस्तै कुनै एक Topic मात्र दिइनेछ।

> खण्ड (ख) अन्तरवार्ता (Interview)

१. बोर्ड अन्तरवार्ता (Board Interview)

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